

Power Point Presentation (E- CONTENTS) for

B.Sc. III Electronics (2023-24)

Paper:

Antenna and Wave Propagation

Unit 1: Antenna Theory

Topic: Types of Antenna

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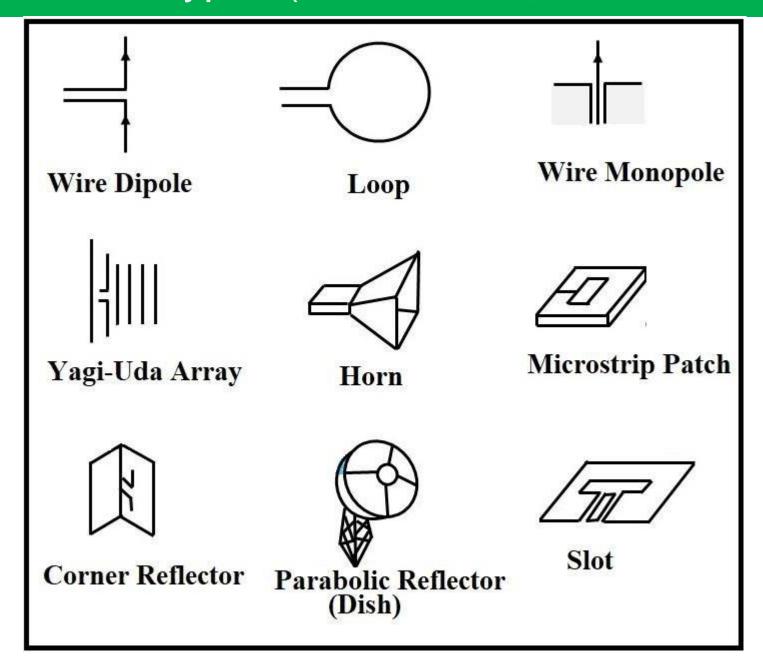
Types of antennas.

In <u>radio</u> systems, many different **antenna types** are used whose properties are especially crafted for particular applications. Antennas can be classified in various ways.

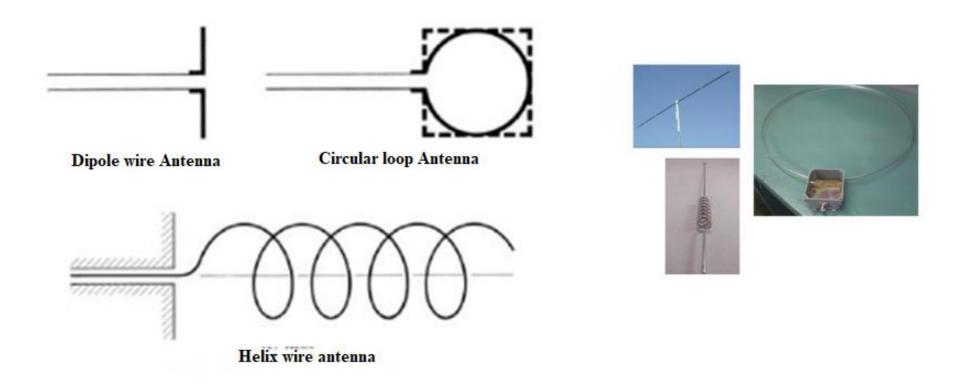
The choice of antenna depends on

- 1. Physical structure
- 2. Frequency of operation
- 3. Radiation Pattern
- 4. Gain requirements
- 5. Application

- 1.1 Wire Antennas
- 1.2 Aperture Antennas
- 1.3 Microstrip Antennas
- 1.4 Array Antennas
- 1.5 Reflector Antennas
- 1.6 Lens Antennas

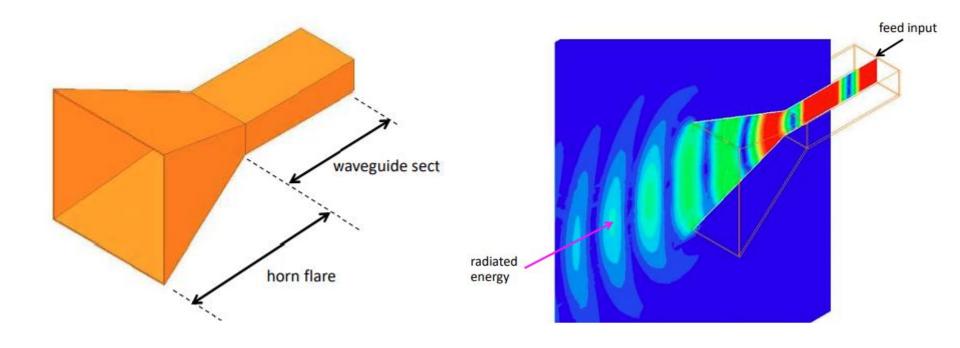


1.1 Wire type Antenna

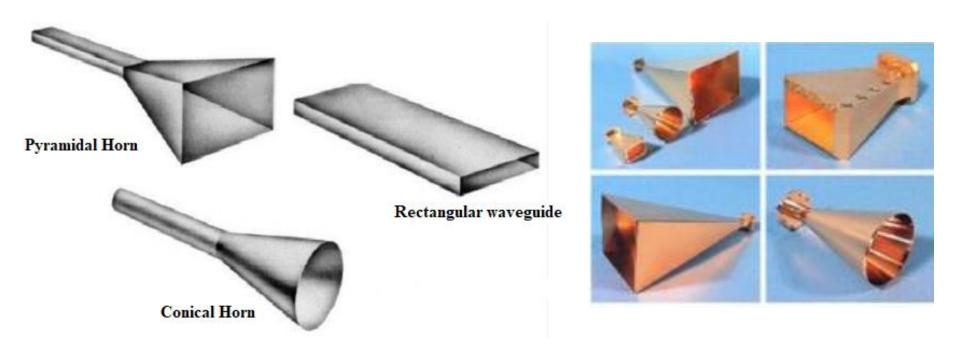


1.2 Aperture / Horn Antenna

A horn antenna consists of a section of rectangular waveguide, which flares outward at the end and terminates in an open aperture. The transmitted wave is excited in the waveguide section, and radiates out the mouth of the horn.



1.2 Aperture / Horn Antenna



1.3. Microstrip type Antenna

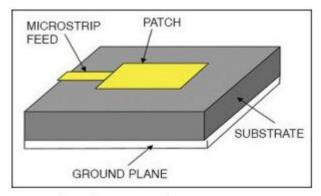
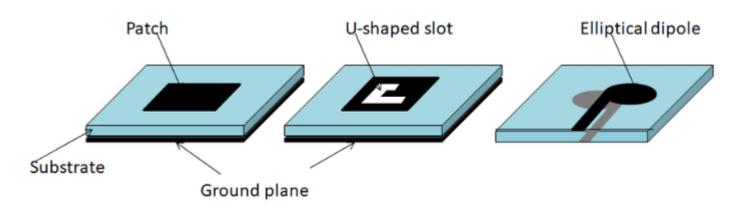


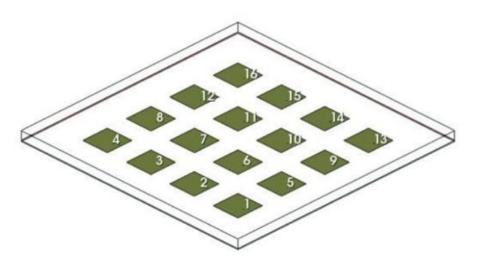
Fig. 1: Physical geometry of microstrip antenna



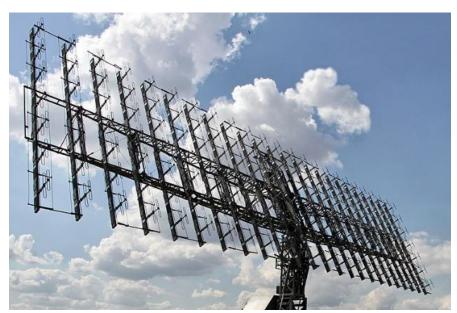
Different types of microstrip antennas; (a) Rectangular patch antenna; (b) Broadband patch antenna with U-shaped slot; (c) Elliptical dipole antenna [128].

1.4. Array Antennas type Antenna

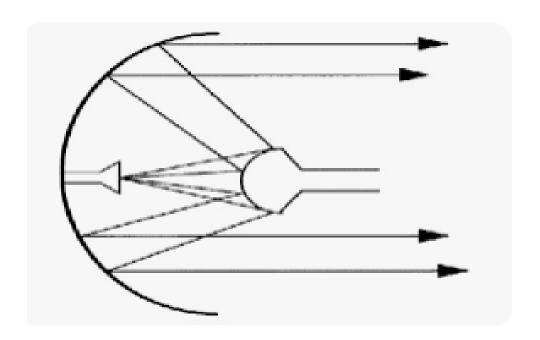
An antenna array is a collection of antennas which are operated in close proximity to one another, and designed to work in tandem.



4 X 4 Patch Array

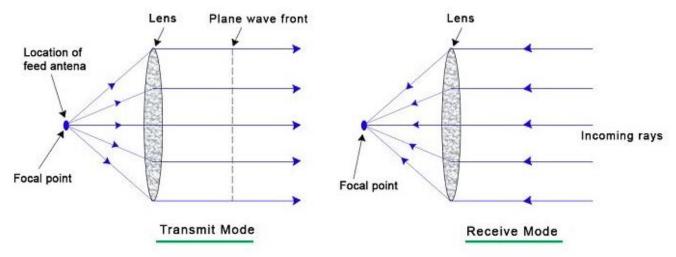


1.5. Reflector Type Antennas





1.6. LenseType Antennas





Ref: https://www.everythingrf.com/community/what-is-a-lens-antenna

2. Antenna Types (Depends on Frequencies)

- High Frequency Antennas
 - V, Inverted V, Rhombic, Travelling wave
- Medium Frequency Antennas
 - Tower antenna
- VHF/UHF Antennas
 - Folded Dipole, Yagi- Uda, Ground Plane, Helical
- Microwave Antennas
 - Parabolic Reflector, Horn, Lens
- Broadband Antenna
 - Helical, Log-periodic, Bi-Conical, Slot, Turnstile

3. Antenna Types (Depends on Radiation Pattern)

- > Isotropic Antenna: An isotropic radiator is defined as "a hypothetical lossless antenna having equal radiation in all directions." It is an Idea antenna and it does not exist.
- > Omnidirectional antenna: This antenna radiates and receives equally in all directions in azimuth. The following diagram shows the radiation pattern of an omni-directional antenna.
- > Directional antenna: A directional antenna is one "having the property to radiating or receiving electromagnetic waves more effectively in some directions than in others.

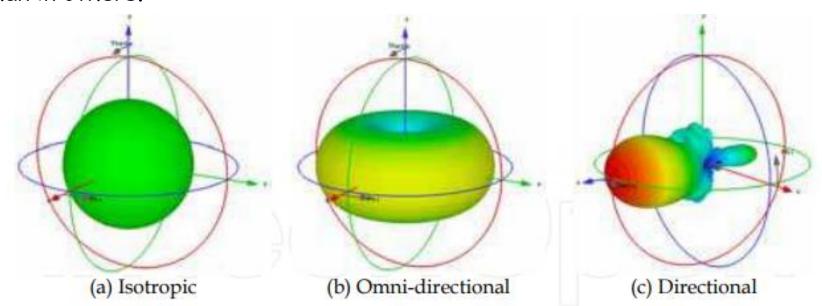


Fig. 2. Three dimensional radiation patterns

Ref: Advancements in Automotive Antennas by Brendan D. Pell

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