

"Education for Knowledge , Science and Culture.
Shikshanmahrishi Dr. Bapuji Salunkhe
Shri Swami Vivekanand Shikshan Sanstha's
Vivekanand College Kolhapur.(Autonomous)
Department of Biotechnology (Optional)

Date: 01/07/2018

Notice

All students from B.Sc II Biotechnology (Optional) there will be a Internal Exam On 07/07/2019 and on at Biochemistry Lab at 2: 30 pm. An attendance is compulsory for all as it is a part of Academics. So kindly be present on time.



Head of Department

Head

Department of Biotechnology (Optional)
Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (Autonomous)

Date
07/07/2017

Name

- 1) Saloni Vijay Lambu.
- 2) Megha Nandkumar Barge.
- 3) Hetal Vasant Gaikwad.
- 4) Mayuri Sanjay Parit
- 5) Rituja Netaji Londhe
- 6) Varsharani Prakash Chougale
- 7) Bhat Ashitosh Govind
- 8) Sudarshan Narayan Redekar
- 9) SANKET SANJAY MADHULI
- 10) Rahim Munvarali Shaikh
- 11) Tejuwanti Dhanaji Guvanshi
- 12) Amruta Sanjay Bhalekar
- 13) Ankita B. Sanmukh

Sign

Lambu.

R邦ge
KShresth
PParit

Londhe

VChougale

NParit

Redekar

SMadhuli

MShaikh

TGuvanshi.

A.Bhalekar.

Ankita

1. Synthesis of DNA from mRNA is known as _____.
a) Replication b) Transcription c) Translation d) Reverse Transcription
2. _____ is an example of Prokaryotic organism.
a) *Arabidopsis thaliana* b) *Sea urchins* c) *E. coli* d) *Mus musculus*
3. _____ is a linker histone.
a) H2A b) H2B c) H1 d) H3
4. _____ is a property on Euchromatin.
a) Takes Dark Stain b) Contains Repetitive Sequences c) Densely Packed d) lightly packed
5. The Stress on unwinded DNA molecule is released by _____.
a) Helicase b) SSBP c) Topoisomerase d) DNA polymerase
6. Activity of _____ requires ATP.
a) Helicase b) SSBP c) Topoisomerase d) DNA Ligase
7. *E.coli* contains 4.64Mbp i.e. ____ bp.
a) 46400 b) 0000.464 c) 9.2800 d) 4640000
8. In dsDNA the percentage of A + G is _____.
a) 20% b) 50% c) 80% d) 100%
9. A segment of dsDNA has 120 Adenine & 120 Cytosine bases. The total number of nucleotides present in segment is _____.
a) 120 b) 80 c) 240 d) 480
10. Mitosis is the feature of _____ of Cell division.
a) G1 phase b) S phase c) G2 phase d) M phase
11. In prokaryotes DnaB protein shows _____ activity.
a) Ligase b) Polymerase c) Helicase d) Topoisomerase
12. Tus stands for _____.
a) Terminal UAA Sequence b) Terminus Utilizing Sequence c) Termination UAA site d) Terminal UGA Site
13. In Deoxyribose _____ is absent.
a) 1° b) 2° c) 3° d) 4°
14. B-DNA contains _____ nucleotides per turn.
a) 10 b) 11 c) 12 d) 13
15. _____ is an immune acid

- a) Tryptophan
- b) Proline
- c) Glutamine
- d) Arginine

16. Specific 3D structure of protein is acquired at _____ level.

- a) Primary
- b) Secondary
- c) Tertiary
- d) Quaternary

17. RNA polymerase I is required in _____ synthesis.

- a) rRNA
- b) mRNA
- c) tRNA
- d) hnRNA

18. _____ guides RNA polymerase II to the DNA for mRNA synthesis.

- a) TF II A
- b) TF II B
- c) TF II F
- d) TF II D

19. After few abortive transcription Sigma factor leaves the RNA pol & DNA, this event is known as _____.

- a) Open Binary Complex
- b) Closed Binary Complex
- c) Open Ternary Complex
- d) Promoter Clearance

20. The energy required for formation of Phospho-diester bond is due to release of _____.

- a) Monophosphate
- b) Diphosphate
- c) Triphosphate
- d) Tetraphosphate

21. Translation occurs in the _____.

- a) Nucleus
- b) Cytoplasm
- c) Nucleolus
- d) Lysosome

22. In prokaryotes, the ribosomal binding site on mRNA is called _____.

- a) Enhancer sequence
- b) Kozak sequence
- c) Shine dalgarno sequence
- d) Pribnow box

23. The role of enzyme Peptidyl transferase in translation is _____.

- a) Add phosphate group
- b) Amino acid activation
- c) Peptide bond formation
- d) Ribosome binding

24. In Lac operon, repressor protein bind to the _____ of operon.

- a) Promoter
- b) Operator
- c) Lac Z gene
- d) Lac Y gene

25. In the N-linked glycoprotein, the carbohydrate are attached to _____ amino acid.

- a) Valine
- b) Serine
- c) Threonine
- d) Asparagine

- 1.) Minal . Malavi . Kirodkar Minal
2. Janhavi Dnyander varute Varute
3. Shruti kirti Shahaji Shinde Shruti
4. Saloni Vijay Lambu. Lambu
5. Varsharani Prakash Chougale Chougale
- 6) Rahim Munvarali shaiikh Shaiikh
-) Sudarshan - Narayan . Redekar Redekar
- 8) Tayuri Sanjay Parit Parit
- 9) Kajal Nasant Gaikwad. Gaikwad
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- 11) megha Nandkumar Bange. Bange.
- 12) Ankita - B. Sanmukh.
- 13) Ashitosh G. Bhat Bhat
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/ Janhavi D. varute - 1422

Class - BSC-II Biotech (opt)

Date - 12-7-18

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Name

Sign.

- 1) SANKET SANJAY MAONALE Sanket
- 2) Rahim . M. Shaikh Rahim
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- 5) Atshay J. Bansode Bansode
- 6) Sudarshan N. Redekar Redekar
- 7) Gourav Babasa Magdum Gmagdum
- 8) Sourabh G. Temadake Temadake
- 9) Pritwik G. Sonawane Pritwik
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- 13) Saloni Vijay Lambu Slambu
- 14) Megha Nandkumar Bajole Megha
- 15) Shantkoti Shahaji Shinde Shantkoti
16. Janhavi Dnyandev Varute Janhavi
- 17) Minal. M. Koliwala Minal
- 18) Ankita B. Sanmukh Ankita

Name

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- 1) Rahim - M. Shailesh Shark
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16. Megha Nandkumar Bargate MeghaBargate

- Q11) The pure culture of a selected strain of yeast is called as -----
a) Initiating microorganism b) Leavens c) mutant strain inoculants
d) Auxotrophic inoculants
- Q12) Xanthan gum is a -----
a) Protein b) Polysaccharide c) Lipid d) Disaccharide
- Q13) Lactic acid is a -----
a) Aerobic fermentation b) Anaerobic fermentation c) Partially aerobic fermentation
d) Partially anaerobic fermentation
- Q14) ----- unusual nucleotide is present on Vitamin B12.
a) 5, 6 Diethyl benzimidazole ribonucleotide b) 5, 6 Dimethyl benzimidazole ribonucleotide
c) 3, 4 Diethyl benzimidazole ribonucleotide d) 2, 3 Diethyl benzimidazole ribonucleotide
- Q15) Gibberellin was named after a fungus called -----.
a) *Gibberella africana* b) *Gibberella gaditijrri* c) *Gibberella fujikuroi* d) *Gibberella acuminata*
- Q16) Asparaginase enzyme act on -----
a) Aspartic acid b) Asparagine c) Aspartame d) Ascorbic acid
- Q17) Spirulina is a -----
a) Edible fungus b) biofertilizer c) biopesticide d) single cell protein
- Q18) Vinegar production consist of -----
a) aerobic fermentation b) anaerobic fermentation c) aerobic fermentation followed by anaerobic fermentation
d) anaerobic fermentation followed by aerobic fermentation
- Q19) ----- is the most common method for citric acid fermentation.
a) Solid state fermentation b) submerged fermentation c) surface fermentation d) surface adhesion fermentation
- Q20) ----- act as a contaminant for penicillin production.
a) *B. subtilis* b) *E.coli* c) *S. aureus* d) *B.megaterium*