Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (Autonomous)

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

B.Sc.II

TOPIC: ENDOSPERM

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- Types of endosperm
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what is Endosperm?

- Endosperm is a nutritive tissue found in the seeds of nearly all the flowering plants after fertilization.
- The endosperm is normally formed in the process of double fertilization.

Types of Endosperm

Nuclear type :-

- In this type the first division and usually several of the following divisions are unaccompanied by wall formation.
- The nuclei may either remain free or in later stages, they may become separated by walls.

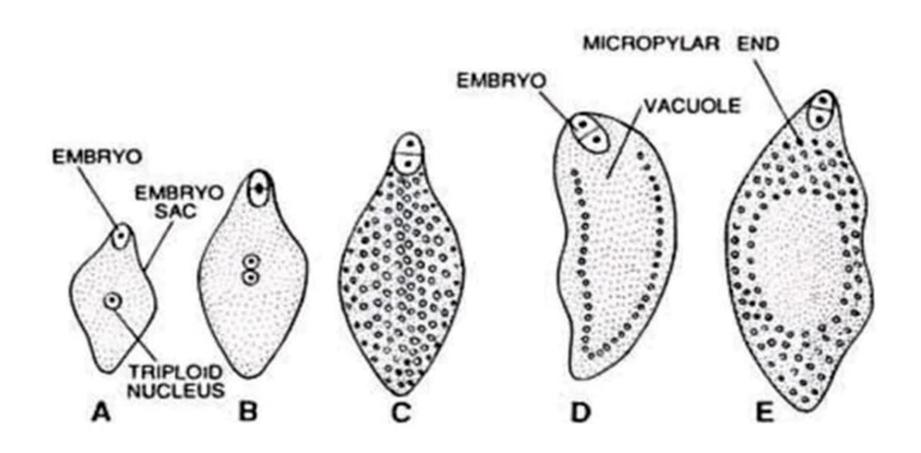


Fig. 46.40. A-E, stages in the development of nuclear type of endosperm.

2. Cellular type

- In this case, there is cytokinesis after each nuclear division of endosperm nucleus.
- The endosperm thus has a cellular form, from the very beginning because first and subsequent division are all accompanied by wall formation.

e.g. Petunia, Datura, adoxa, etc.

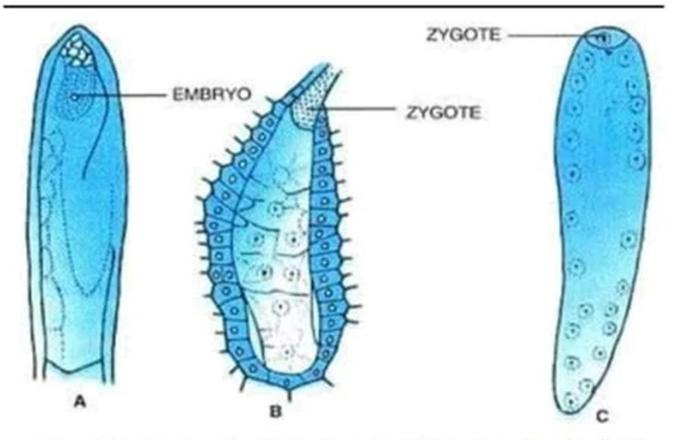


Fig. 2.29. Types of endosperm development. A. Nuclear, B. Helobial and C. Cellular.

3. Helobial type

- It is an intermediate type between the nuclear and cellular types.
- The first division is accompanied by cytokinesis but the subsequent ones are free nuclear.
- The chamber towards micropylar end of embryo sac is usually much larger than the chamber towards chalazal end.

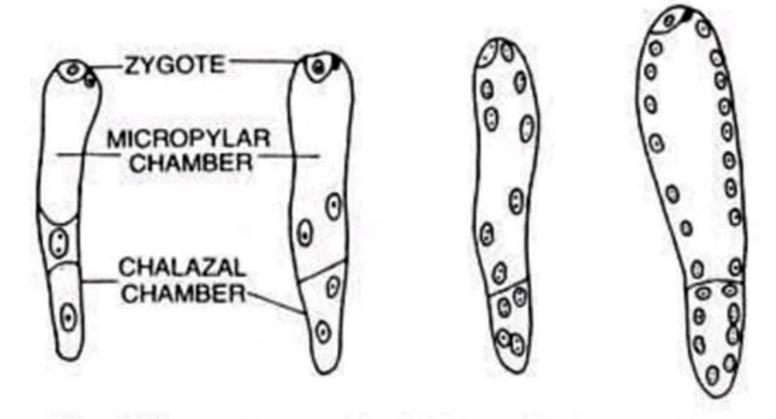


Fig. 46.41. Development of helobial type of endosperm in Eremurus.

The role of endosperm in seed development

- In some groups the endosperm persists to the mature seed stage as a storage tissue.
- In which case the seeds are called <u>albuminous</u> or <u>endosperm</u> and in others it is absorbed during embryo development.

- The storage function is distributed between both endosperm and the embryo.
- Some mature endosperm tissue stores fates (e.g. caster bean, Ricinis communis) and others (including grains, such as wheat and corn) store mainly starches.
- In which case the seeds are called <u>exalbuminous</u> or <u>cotyledons</u> and the function of storage tissue is performed by enlarged cotyledons.

Histology of the endosperm

- The cells of the endosperm are generally isodiametric and store food materials in them.
- In the grasses and some other plants, the peripheral layer of the endosperm acts like a cambium and produces on its inside a series of thin walled cells which become filled up with starch.

 On the maturation of the seed the outermost layer ceases to divide and its cells become filled with aleurone grains and the walls become somewhat thickened.

 According to Haberlandt (1914) the chief functions of this aleurone layer is the secretion of diastase and other enzymes.

The wall of the cells are thin and devoid of pits.

Reference

A Textbook of Botany – Angiosperms :
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· WWW. Biologydiscussion. com

THANK YOU