"Dissemination of Education for Knowledge, Science and Culture"
- Shikshanmaharshi Dr. Bapuji Salunkhe

Shri Swami Vivekanand Shikshan Sanstha's Vivekanand College, Kolhapur (Autonomous)



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

B.Sc. Part - II Semester-III & IV

SYLLABUS

Under Choice Based Credit System

to be implemented from Academic Year 2022-23



B. Sc. Part – II CBCS Semester - III Paper- III Fundamentals of Astronomy and Astrophysics (DSC -1511 C)

Theory: 60 Hours (75 lectures of 48 minutes)

Credits -4

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to -

CO₁: understand the basic primary concept of ancient astronomical theories. To understand the knowledge of apparent luminosity of stars

CO₂: demonstrate a proficiency in solving problems in Astronomy and Astrophysics CO₃:understand the basic concepts of (I) Celestial objects, Celestial Sphere, Celestial Co ordinates .(II) Terrestrial distances, concept of light years, distance of sun, moon and stars. (III) Identification of stars, various constellations and Comets, Asteroids and Meteors.(IV) Various Spectrums, Different tools of Astronomers, evolutions of stars, H-R diagram. (V) Different theories describing origin of stars

CO₄: develop the critical skill in students to understand Astronomy and Astrophysics.

Section-I: Fundamentals of Astronomy

Unit	nit Syllabus Lectures			
Unit 1		Lectures		
Omt 1	History of Astronomy and Apparent Luminosity of stars	10		
	Babylonian astronomy, Greek astronomy, Aristotle work, Ptolemy's	4		
	astronomical work, Copernican heliocentric theory, Tychonian system,			
	Luminosity of stars, Magnitude scale, expression for luminosity ,flux and			
	magnitude ,Luminosity measurement(1)Visual method (2) Photographic			
	method, and (3) Photoelectric method.			
Unit 2	The Sky, Calendar, and Celestial coordinates	08		
	The moon, Sun and stars as calendars, sidereal day, sidereal time, appearance			
	of the celestial sphere and its parts, celestial co-ordinates, longitude, and			
	latitude on the earth celestial co- ordinates			
Unit 3	The Stellar distances	10		
	Measurement of terrestrial distances, distance of moon, distance of planets,			
	Astronomical unit aberration of star light, Definition of parallax and			
	Geocentric parallax, Trigonometric parallax of stars, light years and parsec.			
Unit 4	Constellations, Comets, Asteroids, Meteors	08		
	of stars, Constellations - Aries, Pisces, Orion, Asterisms - summer triangle			
	and Big Dipper (Saptarishi). Comets, Asteroids, Meteors- Structure, chemical			
	composition, and orbits.			

Section-I: Fundamentals of Astrophysics

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures				
Unit 1	nit 1 History of Astronomy and Apparent Luminosity of stars					
	Babylonian astronomy, Greek astronomy, Aristotle work, Ptolemy's	10				
	astronomical work, Copernican heliocentric theory, Tychonian system,					

	Luminosity of stars, Magnitude scale, expression for luminosity, flux and magnitude, Luminosity measurement(1)Visual method (2) Photographic method, and (3) Photoelectric method.	
Unit 2	The Sky, Calendar, and Celestial coordinates	08
	The moon, Sun and stars as calendars, sidereal day, sidereal time, appearance	
	of the celestial sphere and its parts, celestial co-ordinates, longitude, and	
	latitude on the earth celestial co- ordinates	
Unit 3	The Stellar distances	10
	Measurement of terrestrial distances, distance of moon, distance of planets,	
	Astronomical unit aberration of star light, Definition of parallax and	
	Geocentric parallax, Trigonometric parallax of stars, light years and parsec.	
Unit 4	Constellations, Comets, Asteroids, Meteors	08
	of stars, Constellations - Aries, Pisces, Orion, Asterisms - summer triangle	
	and Big Dipper (Saptarishi). Comets, Asteroids, Meteors-Structure, chemical	
	composition and orbits.	

Reference Books:

- 1) Astronomy: Fundamentals and Frontiers Jastrow & Thomson.
- 2) Dynamic Astronomy Robert T. Dixon.
- 3) Astronomy Robert H. Baker.
- 4) Fundamental of Astronomy and Astrophysics Michael Seed.
- 5) Introductory Astronomy and Astrophysics Zeilik and Greogary.
- 6) Moons and Planets William K. Hartmann.
- 7) Our Solar System A. W. Joshi and N. Rana.
- 8) The Structure of Universe Jayant Naralikar.
- 9) Astrophysics (Stars & Galaxies) K. D. Abhyankar
- 10) Stars, Life, Death and Beyond A. K. Kimbhavi and Jayant Naralikar.
- 11) Fluid Mechanics L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz.
- 12) Classical Electrodynamics J. D. Jackson.
- 13) Cosmic Electrodynamics J. H. Pidington.
- 14) Fluid Dynamics Rutherford.
- 15) An Introduction to Stellar Structure S. Chandrashekher.
- 16) Electrodynamics-David Griffiths.
- 17) Elements of plasma physics S. N. Goswami.
- 18) Astronomy: A Physical Perspective Marc L. Kutner.
- 19) Exploring the universe-W.M.Protheroe, E.R. Capriotti, G.H. Newsom
- 20) An introduction to Cosmology-Jayant Vishnu

Narlikar21)Text book on Spherical Astronomy-

W.M.Smart

- 22) Modern Physics (revised edition)- R. Murugeshan, Er. Kiruthiga Sivaprasath
- 23) Spherical astronomy-M.L.Khanna
- 1) Introduction to Fluid dynamics Aitchison,
- 2) Plasma Astrophysics, Sturrock, P., Academic Press, 1967.
- 3) Fluid Mechanics, 2nd ed Landau & Lifshitz.,., Butterworth-Heinemann, 1998



B. Sc. Part – II CBCS Semester - IV Paper- IV

Galaxies, Cosmology and Solar system and Cosmic Electrodynamics

(DSC -1511 D)

Theory: 60 Hours (75 lectures of 48 minutes)

Credits -4

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to -

CO₁: understand the basic knowledge about galaxies Cosmology, solar system and cosmic electrodynamics.

CO₂; demonstrate a proficiency in solving problems in galaxies Cosmology, solar system and cosmic electrodynamics.

CO₃: understand the basic concepts of (I) Cosmological theories, cosmological tests.(II) Milky-way galaxy, position of our solar system in milky way galaxy(III) Details of our solar system, theories of moon (IV) Concepts of fluid, continuity equation, basic equation of fluid dynamics. (V) Equation of electrodynamics and magneto hydro dynamics

CO₄: develop the critical skill in students to understand applied knowledge of Galaxies, Cosmology, solar system, and cosmic electrodynamics.

Section I Galaxies, Cosmology and Solar system

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
Unit 1	Galaxies	12
	Components of the Universe: Introduction of Stars, Planets, Asteroids,	
	Meteors, Comets, Galaxies, Formation of galaxies, visual morphology of	
	galaxy, Types of galaxies-Elliptical, Spiral, Barred spiral, irregular, Hubble	
	tuning fork diagram, Peculiar galaxies, Radio galaxies, Seyfert gakaxy,	
	Quasars.[Galaxy: Nomenclature, observation theory, Types and morphology,	
	properties, formation and evolution, large scale structure]	
Unit 2	Milky Way galaxy	06
	Shape of the galaxy, interstellar medium and molecules, Radio emission from	
	interstellar carbon monoxide, clusters of stars, Galactic clusters. [Appearance,	
	size and mass, contents, structure, formation, environment, astronomical	
	history]	
Unit 3	Cosmology	06
	The expanding universe, Big Bang universe, the steady state cosmology and	
	oscillating universe, Hubble law. Hubble constant, cosmological tests.	
Unit 4	The Solar system	12
	Origin of the solar system and planets, Basic structure of Sun -Sun's interior,	
	the photosphere, the solar atmosphere (chromospheres and corona). Sunspots,	
	Sun's rotation and Solar magnetic field, Explanation for observed features of	
	sunspots, Planetary properties and quick facts of Mercury, Venus, and Mars.	
	Moon-different theories of the moon, Structure of the moon and its quick	
	facts	

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Section I Cosmic Electrodynamics

Unit	Syllabus	Lectures
Unit 1	Fluids	09
	Perfect Fluid: Assumptions, Equation of state, equation of motion, TOV	
	equation, stars of uniform density, limit of mass to radius ratio. Basic equations	
	of fluid mechanics, Energy equation, continuity equation viscosity, gas	
	dynamics, waves and instabilities, turbulence, orbit theory, properties,	
Unit 2	Electrodynamics	09
	Scalar electric potential (φ), Vector magnetic potential(A), Poisson's and	
	Laplace's equation, Maxwell's equation in vacuum, Electromagnetic waves in	
	vacuum- wave equation and wave velocity, scattering of light, scattering cross	
	section, Thomson's and Rayleigh scattering, explanation for blue color of the	
	sky, red color of sunset and sunrise.	
Unit 3	Magneto hydrodynamics	09
	Motion of charged particle in electromagnetic field, Ideal hydro magnetic	
	equation, Characteristics of plasma in magnetic field - Diffusion and frozening	
	effect, Magnetohydrodynamic equation -magnetic pressure and magnetic	
	tension, confinement of plasma	
Unit 4	Hydrodynamics	09
	Equation of continuity - conservation of mass, Ideal fluid and Euler's equation	
	of motion, Navier-Stokes equation for viscous fluid.	

Reference Books:

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26) Fluid Mechanics, 2nd ed Landau & Lifshitz.,, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1998

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) I (Cosmology and Galaxies) B.Sc. II (Credit 2)

- I. Project work regarding cosmological theories and galaxies
 - Big-Bang theory
 - Oscillatory theory
 - Steady state theory
 - Types of Galaxies

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) II (Cosmology and Galaxies) B.Sc. II (Credit 2)

I. Project work regarding solar system, solar activities and stellar evolution

- History of planets
- Sun spots, solar magnetic field, rotation of sun, interior of sun
- Protostar, dwarf star, pulsar, super nova black hole etc.

B.Sc. II Astrophysics Lab Work (Practical) Marks-100 (Credits: 08)

Group I

- 1) Numerical Integration.
- 2) Numerical Differentiation.
- 3) Numerical interpolation.
- 4) Solution of ordinary differential equations.
- 5) Measurement of terrestrial distance using Sextant.
- 6) Total internal reflection in prism.
- 7) Constellation map drawings a) Orion b) Ursa Major (Big Dipper) c) Auriga d) Taurus.
- 8) To use idea of parallax to determine large distance



- 1) Lummer Brothum Photometer (comparison of intensities)
- 2) Spherical aberration (caustic curve).
- 3) Resolving power of telescope.
- 4) Magnifying power of telescope.
- 5) Determination of Planck's constant using LED
- 6) Goniometer: Equivalent focal length
- 7) Study of scattering of light (Diameter of Lycopodium powder).
- 8) Verification of Stefan's forth power law.

Group III

- 1) I-V Characteristics of solar cell and verification of inverse square law of intensity.
- 2) Velocity of sound using CRO and microphone.
- 3) Study of Lissageous figures using CRO.
- 4) D.C. Amplifier using Operational amplifier.
- 5) Measurement of Earth's magnetic field using Earth inductor.
- 6) Measurement of wavelength of given LASER source using diffraction grating.
- 7) Phase shift measurement RC network using CRO.
- 8) Study of hysteresis curve using CRO.

Group IV

- 1) Calibration of spectrometer.
- 2) Study of Balmer lines.
- 3) Measurement and identification of spectral lines.
- 4) Measurement of wavelength using F. P. Etalon.
- 5) Band absorption spectrum of liquid (KMnO4 solution).
- 6) Study of solar spectrum.
- 7) Sunspots activity analysis.
- 8) Study of line absorption spectrum and measurement of temperature of flame.



- There will be internal evaluation of 15 marks for each paper.
- There will be end semester theory examination of 35 marks for each paper.
- The total marks for each paper will be 50.
- There will be separate passing for internal evaluation, end semester theory examination, practical examination and Skill Enhancement Courses

Paper No.	Internal evaluation	End Semester Theory Examination	Total
V	15	35	50
VI	15	35	50
VII	15	35	50
VIII	15	35	50

- There will be practical examination of 100 marks at the end of semester IV
- Distribution of 100 marks of practical is as below

22	
22	
22	
22	
12	
100	
	22 22 22 22

• There will be separate examination of 100 marks for Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC's) of all three subjects together of B.Sc. II at the end of semester IV (Conducted by College Examination Cell)

Nature of Question Paper (End Semester Examination)

Instructions:

- 1) All the questions are compulsory.
- 2). Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

Time: 2 hours Total Marks: 35

Paper V

Q:1] Chose correct alternative

A] FIVE Multiple Choice Questions 5 Marks

B] TWO fill in the blanks 2 Marks

Q:2] Long Answer questions (Attempt any **TWO** out of three) 16 Marks

1.

2.

3.



Q.3] Short Answer questions (Attempt any **THREE** out of five) 12 Marks

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

