## Elementary Probability Theory

Vivekanand college, Kolhapur Dept. of Statistics
Internal Examination - Sem I
DSC1004A
Part-II

Date-09/01/2021
Total marks 15

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Name of the student

Misam Ashfak Pathan

Roll Number
6899

The event which consists of all sample points of the sample space is
Eventa) Impossible
(
b) Certainc) Mutually exclusived) Exhaustive

If $A \dot{\doteq} B$, then $P(A \bar{\cap} B)=$ $\qquad$a) $P(A)$b) $P(B)$c) $P(B)-P(A)$d) $P(A)-P(B)$

One card is drawn at random from a pack of 52 cards, the probability that it is King or Queen is. $\qquad$a) $2 / 52$b) $2 / 13$c) $1 / 13$d) $4 / 52$

Probability that a leap year, selected at random will contain 53 Sundays is $\qquad$a) 1b) $1 / 7$c) $2 / 7$d) 0

If odds in favor of $X$ solving a problem are $4: 3$ and odds against $Y$ solving the same problem are $2: 3$, then probability of $Y$ will solve the problem is .....a) $4 / 7$b) $3 / 7$c) $2 / 5$
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d) $3 / 5$

A statement" A and B occurs simultaneously" can be represented symbolically as ...a) $A \cup B$b) $A \cap B$c) $A^{-} \cap B^{-}$d) $A \cap B^{-}$

Which of the following is true?a) $P(A \cap B) \leq P(A)$b) $P(A) \leq P(A \cup B)$c) $P(A \cup B) \leq P(A)+P(B)$d) All of the above

For any event $A, P(A / A)$ is $\qquad$a) oneb) zeroc) $P(A)$d) $1 / P(A)$

If $A$ and $B$ are two independent events such that $P(A)=0.5, P(A \cap B)=0.15$ then $P(B)$ is $\qquad$a) 0.4b) 0.3c) 1d) 0.75

If $A$ and $B$ are two independent events then $P(B \mid A)$ is $\qquad$a) 0b) 1c) $P(B)$d) $P(A)$

Which of the following statement is always correct?
$\mathrm{I}:$ Pairwise independence $\rightarrow$ Mutually independence II: Mutually independence $\rightarrow$ Pairwise independencea) Only I is trueb) Only II is truec) Both are trued) Both are false

The sample space corresponding to the experiment " Three seeds are planted and total number of seeds germinated are recorded after a week" is. $\qquad$a) $(0,3)$b) $\{0,1,2,3\}$c) $\{1,2,3\}$d) $[0,3]$

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Let $A$ and $B$ be two events such that $P(A)=0.4, P(B)=0.7$ and $P(A \cup B)=0.8$. Then $P(A \cap B)$ is......
(a) a) 0.3b) 0.7c) 0.4d) 0.5

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Name of the student

Dipali Ramesh Karne

Roll Number
6877

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Name of the student

Saad Sanjay Hasbe

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6870

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(
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Name of the student

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Roll Number
7114

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Mane Siddhi Bipinkumar

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