

“Dissemination of Education for Knowledge, Science and Culture”

-Shikshanmaharshi Dr. Bapuji Salunkhe



VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(AN EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE)

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS
Three/Four- Years UG Programme
Department/Subject Specific Core or Major (DSC)

NEP- Phase-II

**Curriculum, Teaching and
Evaluation Structure**

(as per NEP-2020 Guidelines)

for

B.Sc.-I Statistics

Semester-I & II

(Implemented from academic year 2026-27 onwards)

VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR (EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)

Teaching & Evaluation Scheme

(2026-27 onwards for NEP-Phase-II)

Three/Four- Years UG Programme

Department/Subject Specific Core or Major (DSC) as per

NEP-2020

UG Certificate (B.Sc.- I Semester- I & II)

Sr. No.	Course Abbr.	Course code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme Hours/week		Examination Scheme and Marks				Course Credits
				TH	PR	SSE	CIE	PR/PRO	Marks	
Semester-I										
1	DSC-I	3DSC03STA11	Descriptive Statistics I	2	-	30	20	-	50	2
2	DSC-II	3DSC03STA12	Elementary Probability Theory	2	-	30	20	-	50	2
3	DSC STA-PR-I	3DSC03STA19	DSC Statistics Practical I	-	4	-	-	50	50	2
4	OEC MTS-PR-I	3OEC03MTS12	Basic Statistics I	-	4	-	-	50	50	2
5	IKS	3IKS03STA11		2					50	2
			Sem I Total	4	8	80	20	100	200	8
Semester-II										
1	DSC-III	3DSC03STA21	Descriptive Statistics II	2	-	30	20	-	50	2
2	DSC-IV	3DSC03STA22	Discrete Probability Distributions	2	-	30	20	-	50	2
3	DSC STA-PR-II	3DSC03STA29	DSC Statistics Practical II	-	4	-	-	50	50	2
4	OEC MTS-PR-II	3OEC03MTS22	Basic Statistics II	-	4	-	-	50	50	2
			Sem II Total	4	8	80	20	100	200	8

B. Sc. Part – I Semester -I STATISTICS
DSC-I: 3DSC03STA11: Descriptive Statistics I
Theory: 30 hrs.
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this course students will be able to:
CO1. Know scope of Statistics and sampling methods.
CO2. Compute descriptive statistics.
CO3. Compute moments, skewness, kurtosis and its interpretation.
CO4. Apply an appropriate measure in given situations/data.

Unit	Contents	Hours Allotted
1	Introduction to Statistics & Measures of Central Tendency 1.1 : Definition and scope of Statistics, raw data, Meaning of primary and secondary data. Qualitative data (Attributes): nominal and ordinal scale. Quantitative data (Variables): Interval and ratio scale, discrete and continuous variables. 1.2 : Concept of Central tendency, Statistical average, Requirements of good statistical average. 1.3 : Arithmetic Mean (A.M) : Definition, Properties: a. Effect of change of origin and scale, b. Sum of deviation of observations from A.M is zero. c. Sum of squares of deviation of observations from A.M is minimum. d. Combined mean of k series (prove for two series and generalize for k series) Weighted A.M. 1.4 : Geometric Mean (G.M) : Definition, Properties: i) G. M. of pooled data (for two groups), ii) G. M. of ratio of two series, is the ratio of their G. M's. 1.5 : Harmonic Mean (H.M.) : Definition, Relation: $A.M \geq G.M \geq H.M$ (proof for n =2 positive observations). 1.6 : Median : Definition, Derivation of formula for grouped frequency distribution. 1.7 : Mode : Definition, Derivation of formula for grouped frequency distribution. Empirical relation between Mean, Median and Mode. Graphical method of determination of Median and Mode. 1.8 : Partition values Quartiles, Deciles and Percentiles, Box Plot. 1.9 : Comparison between averages in accordance with requirements of good average. 1.10: Situations where one kind of average is preferable to others.	15

2	Measures of Dispersion, Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis 2.1 : Concept of dispersion, Absolute and Relative measures of dispersion, Requirements of a good measure of dispersion. 2.2 : Range: Definition, Coefficient of range. 2.3 : Quartile Deviation (Semi-interquartile range): Definition, Coefficient of Q.D. 2.4 : Mean Deviation: Definition, Coefficient of M.D., Minimal property of M.D. 2.5 : Mean Square Deviation (M.S.D.): Definition, Minimal property of M.S.D. 2.6 : Variance and Standard Deviation: Definition, Effect of change of origin and scale, combined variance (proof for two groups). 2.7 : Coefficient of Variation: Definition and use. 2.8 : Comparison of S.D. with other measures. 2.9 : Moments: Raw moments (μ_r') and Central moments (μ_r) for ungrouped and grouped data. 2.10 : Effect of change of origin and scale on central moments, relation between central moments and raw moments (up to 4th order). 2.11 : Sheppard's corrections. 2.12 : Skewness: Concept of skewness of a frequency distribution, Types of skewness. 2.13 : Bowley's coefficient of skewness, Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness, Measure of skewness based on moments. 2.14 : Kurtosis: Concept of kurtosis of a frequency distribution, Types of kurtosis. 2.15 : Measure of kurtosis based on moments.	15
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References:

1. Bhat B. R., Srivenkatramana T. and Madhava Rao K. S. (1996): Statistics: A Beginner's Text, Vol. 1, New Age International (P) Ltd.
2. Croxton F. E., Cowden D.J. and Kelin S. (1973): Applied General Statistics, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Goon A.M., Gupta M.K., and Dasgupta B.: Fundamentals of Statistics Vol. I and II, World Press, Calcutta.
4. Gupta S. P. (2002): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
5. Snedecor G.W. and Cochran W. G. (1967): Statistical Methods, Iowa State University Press.
6. Waiker and Lev.: Elementary Statistical Methods.
7. Gupta V.K. & Kapoor S.C. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics- Sultan& Chand

B. Sc. Part – I Semester -I STATISTICS
DSC-II: 3DSC03STA12: Elementary Probability Theory
Theory: 30 hrs.
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this course students will be able to:

- CO1. Distinguish between Deterministic and Non-deterministic experiments.
- CO2. Understand the basic concepts of probability, conditional probability and independence of events.
- CO3. Learn theorems on probabilities and compute probabilities.
- CO4: Understand the concept of discrete random variable, probability distributions and mathematical expectation.

Unit	Contents	Hours Allotted
1	Probability 1.1 : Concepts of experiments and random experiments. 1.2: Definitions: Sample space, Discrete sample space (finite and countably infinite). 1.3: Event, Types of events: Elementary event, Compound event, Impossible events, Certain event, favorable event Algebra of events (Union, Intersection and Complement). 1.4: Definitions of Mutually exclusive events, Exhaustive events, 1.5: Power set $P(\Omega)$ (sample space consisting at most 3 sample points). 1.6: Symbolic representation of given events and description of events in symbolic form. 1.7: Illustrative examples. 1.8: Equally likely outcomes (events), apriori (classical) definition of probability of an event. Equiprobable sample space, simple examples of computation of probability of the events based on Permutations and Combinations. 1.9: Axiomatic definition of probability with reference to a finite and countably infinite sample space. 1.10 : Proof of the results: i) $P(\Phi) = 0$, ii) $P(A^c) = 1 - P(A)$, ii) $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ (with proof) and its generalization (Statement only). iii) If $A \subset B$, $P(A) \leq P(B)$, v) $0 \leq P(A \cap B) \leq P(A) \leq P(A \cup B) \leq P(A) + P(B)$. 1.11 : Definition of probability in terms of odd ratio. 1.12: Illustrative examples. 1.13 : Definition of conditional probability of an event. 1.14 : Multiplication theorem for two events. Examples on conditional probability. 1.15 : Partition of sample space. 1.16 : Idea of Posteriori probability, Statement and proof of Baye's theorem, examples on Baye's theorem.	15

2	Independence of Event & Mathematical Expectation of discrete random variable (on finite sample space) 2.1: Concept of Independence of two events. 2.2: Proof of the results: If A and B are independent then, i) A and B^c, ii) A^c and B, iii) A^c and B^c are independent. 2.3: Pairwise and Mutual Independence for three events. 2.4: Elementary examples. 2.5: Definition of discrete random variable, Probability mass function (p.m.f.) and cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.) of a discrete random variable, Properties of c.d.f. (statements only), Probability distribution of function of random variable, Median and Mode of a univariate discrete probability distribution. 2.6: Mathematical Expectation: Definition of expectation of a random variable, expectation of a function of a random variable. Results on expectation, i) $E(c) = c$, where c is a constant, ii) $E(aX + b) = a E(X) + b$, where a and b are constants, 2.7: Definitions of mean, variance of univariate distributions. Effect of change of origin and scale on mean and variance. Definition of raw, central moments. Pearson's coefficient of skewness, kurtosis, Definition of probability generating function (p.g.f.) of a random variable. Effect of change of origin and scale on p.g.f. Definition of mean and variance by using p.g.f. 2.8: Examples.	15
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References:

1. Bhat B. R., Srivenkatramana T and Madhava Rao K. S. (1997): Statistics: a Beginner's Text, Vol. II, New Age International (P) Ltd.
2. Edward P. J., Ford J. S. and Lin (1974): Probability for Statistical Decision-Making, Prentice Hall.
3. Goon A. M., Gupta M. K., Das Gupta B. (1999): Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol.II, World Press, Calcutta.
4. Mood A. m., Graybill F. A. and Boes D. C. (1974): Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw Hill.
5. Hogg R. V. and Crag R. G.: Introduction to Mathematical Statistics Ed.4.
6. Hoel P. G. (1971): Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, Asia Publishing House.
7. Meyer P.L.(1970): Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications, Addison Wesley.
8. Rohatgi V. K. and Saleh A. K. Md. E. (2002): An Introduction to probability and statistics. John Wiley & Sons (Asia)
9. Gupta V.K. & Kapoor S.C. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics- Sultan & Chand
10. Mukhopadhyay P. (2006): Probability. Books and Allied (P) Ltd

Note: 1. In theory examination, the weightage to the numerical problems should **not exceed 40%**.
2. Students can use scientific calculators in theory examination.

DSC STA-PR-I: 3DSC03STA19

DSC Statistics Practical I (Credits 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this practical paper students will be able to:

- CO1. Use various graphical and diagrammatic techniques and Interpret.
- CO2. Compute descriptive statistics.
- CO3. Computation of Moments, Skewness, Kurtosis & its interpretation.
- CO4. Computation of various probabilities.

Sr. No.	Title of the Experiment
1	Data Handling and Computations Using MS Excel
2	Diagrammatic & Graphical representation of frequency distribution.
3	Measures of Central Tendency
4	Measures of Dispersion
5	Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis
6	Probability
7	Conditional Probability & Baye's Theorem
8	Independence of events
9	Univariate Probability Distributions I
10	Univariate Probability Distributions II

Note :

1. Student Must complete all experiments using MS Excel
2. Computer printouts should be attached to the journal if necessary.
3. Student must produce the laboratory journal along with the completion certificate signed by Head of Department, at the time of practical examination.

Vivekanand college, Kolhapur
(An Empowered Autonomous Institute)
Department of Statistics

INDIAN KNOWLEDGE SYSTEM (IKS): INDIAN STATISTICAL SYSTEM Theory: 30 Hrs. Marks: 50 (Credits: 02)		
Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, students enable to: 1) Understand history of use of Statistics in India before and after independence. 2) Understand use of Statistics for well-being of society, and also for dominance and ruler over society. 3) Know various Statistical Institutions and their role in National Development. 4) Know contribution of Indian Statisticians in Nation Building.		
Unit I	History of Statistics in India : 1.1 Statistics in Koutilya's (Chanakya, Vishnugupta) Arthashastra (350 B.C.): Census and Demographics, Taxation and Revenue, Economic Controls, Audit and Accountability, Resource Planning. 1.2 Statistics in Ain-i-Akbari (part of Akbarnama) by Abul Fazl (1590): Revenue and Land Records, Economic Data, Military and Household, Demographic Estimates, Methodology. 1.3 Statistics in British India (1757–1947): Early Surveys and Reports (1800s), Establishment of Departments (1840s-1860s), Decennial Census (1871-1941), Agricultural and Trade Statistics (1880s1900s). Land Revenue and Taxation, Social and Political Control (Divide and Rule), Military Recruitment, Infrastructure Planning, Famine Management.	15 hours
Unit II	Post-Independence Statistical Development in India 2.1 Institutional Framework: Central Statistical Organization (CSO), National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), Data-Driven Planning, Modernization and Surveys, Impact on Metrics. 2.2 Indian Statistical Institute (ISI): History and role of ISI in National Development. 2.3 Ministry of Statistics and Program Implementation (MoSPI): Organogram of MoSPI. 2.4 Overview of Directorates of Economics and Statistics 2.4 Indian Statisticians and their Contribution in Nation Building: P.C. Mahalanobis, C.R. Rao, P.V. Sukhatme, V.S. Huzurbazar	15 hours

Books Recommended

1. Ashim Biswas (2023): Census Policy in British India: A Brief Historical Evaluation, Journal of Historical Studies and Research.
2. Colonel Henry Sullivan Jarrett (1891): English translation of the Ain-i-Akbari Volume II
3. J.K. Ghosh, P. Maiti, T.J. Rao, and B.K. Sinha (1999): Evolution of Statistics in India.
4. J.K. Ghosh, S.K. Mitra and K.R. Parthasarathy (1992): Glimpses of India's Statistical Heritage , Wiley Eastern Limited.
5. Kautilya, Vishnugupta. [4th century BCE]1992. The Arthashastra. Edited, rearranged, translated, and introduced by L. N. Rangarajan New Delhi: Penguin Books.
6. Pramit Bhattacharya (2023): India's Statistical System: Past, Present, Future, CEIP
7. Rao, M.V.K. (1958) Studies in Kautilya, 2nd edition, Munshi RamManohar Lal, Delhi.
8. Sir Jadunath Sarkar(1949): Corrected and Further Annotated Book of English translation of the Ain-i-Akbari Volume II by Colonel Henry Sullivan Jarrett
9. T.J. Rao (2010): Official Statistics in India: The Past and the Present, Journal of Official Statistics, Volume 26, Issue 2, pp. 215-231.

B. Sc. Part – I Semester -II STATISTICS
DSC-III: 3DSC03STA21: Descriptive Statistics II
Theory: 30 hrs.
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this course students will be able to:

- CO1. To compute correlation coefficient and its interpretation.
- CO2. To compute regression coefficients and regression lines.
- CO3. Analyze data pertaining to attributes and interpret the results.
- CO4. Understand the need of vital statistics and concepts of mortality and fertility.

Unit	Contents	Hours Allotted
1	Analysis of Bivariate Data 1.1 : Correlation: Bivariate Random variable (X, Y), Bivariate data, Formation of bivariate frequency distribution. 1.2 : Definition and properties of Covariance of (X,Y).(Effect of change of origin and scale on covariance) 1.3 : Concept of correlation between two variables, Types of correlation. 1.4 : Scatter diagram, its utility. 1.5 : Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r): Definition, Computation for ungrouped and grouped data. Properties: i) $-1 \leq r \leq 1$, ii) Effect of change of origin and scale. iii) Interpretation when $r = -1, 0$ & 1 . 1.6 : Spearman's rank correlation coefficient: Definition, Computation (for with and without ties). Derivation of the formula for without ties and modification of the formula for with ties. 1.7 : Regression: Concept of regression, Lines of regression, Fitting of lines of regression by the least square method. 1.8 : Regression coefficients (b_{xy} , b_{yx}) and their geometric interpretations, Properties: i) $b_{xy} \times b_{yx} = r^2$, ii) $b_{xy} \times b_{yx} \leq 1$, iii) $(b_{xy} + b_{yx}) / 2 \geq r$, iv) Effect of change of origin and scale on regression coefficients, v) the point of intersection of two regression lines. 1.9 : Derivation of acute angle between the two lines of regression. 1.10: Coefficient of determination. 1.11: Examples.	15
2	Theory of Attributes & Demography: 2.1: Attributes: Notation, dichotomy, class frequency, order of class, positive and negative class frequency, ultimate class frequency, fundamental set of class frequency, relationships among different class frequencies (up to three attributes). 2.2: Concept of Consistency, conditions of consistency (up to three attributes). 2.3: Concept of Independence and Association of two attributes. 2.4: Yule's coefficient of association (Q): Definition & interpretation. 2.5: Coefficient of colligation (Y): Definition, interpretation.	15

	2.6: Relation between Q and Y, $Q = 2Y / (1+Y^2)$, $Q \geq Y$. 2.7: Illustrative examples. 2.8: Demography: Introduction and need of vital statistics 2.9: Mortality rates: Crude death rate (CDR), Specific Death Rate (SDR), Standardized Death Rate (STDR). 2.10: Fertility Rates: Crude Birth Rate (CBR), Age Specific Fertility Rate (ASFR), General Fertility Rate (GFR), Total Fertility Rate (TFR). 2.11: Reproduction Rate: Gross Reproduction rate (GRR), Net Reproduction Rate (NRR). 2.12: Lifetable, Notations and terminology, Expectation of life, Stationary population, Stable population, Central Mortality Rate, Force of Mortality, Assumptions, Description and construction of life table, Uses of life table.	
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References:

1. Bhat B. R., Srivenkatramana T. and Madhava Rao K. S. (1996): Statistics: A Beginner's Text, Vol. 1, New Age International (P) Ltd.
2. Croxton F. E., Cowden D.J. and Kelin S. (1973): Applied General Statistics, Prentice Hall of India.
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4. Gupta S. P. (2002): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
5. Snedecor G.W. and Cochran W. G. (1967): Statistical Methods, Iowa State University Press.
6. Waiker and Lev.: Elementary Statistical Methods.
7. Kapur, J. N and Gupta, H. C,: Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics. S. Chand and sons, New Delhi.
8. Gupta V.K. & Kapoor S.C. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics- Sultan & Chand

B. Sc. Part – I Semester -II STATISTICS
DSC-IV: 3DSC03STA22: Discrete Probability Distributions
Theory: 30 hrs.
Marks-50 (Credits: 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this course students will be able to:

- CO1. Apply some univariate standard discrete probability distributions to different situations.
- CO2. Obtain mathematical expectation of different distributions.
- CO3. To learn relation between different discrete distributions.
- CO4. Concept of bivariate random variable, probability distributions.

Unit	Contents	Hours Allotted
1	Standard Discrete Probability Distributions: 1.1 : Idea of one point, two-point distributions and its mean and variance. 1.2 : Discrete Uniform Distribution: p.m.f., mean and variance. 1.3 : Bernoulli Distribution: p.m.f., mean, variance, distribution of sum of independent and identically distributed Bernoulli variables 1.4 : Binomial Distribution: Binomial random variable, p.m.f. with parameters (n, p), Recurrence relation for successive probabilities, mean, variance, mode, skewness, p.g.f. and additive property of binomial variates. Examples. 1.5 : Hyper geometric Distribution: p.m.f. with parameters (N, M, n), Computation of probability of different events, situations where this distribution is applicable, Recurrence relation for successive probabilities, mean and variance of distribution assuming $n \leq N - M \leq M$, approximation of Hypergeometric to Binomial. Examples. 1.6 Poisson Distribution: Definition of Poisson distribution with parameter λ. Mean, variance, probability generating function (p.g.f.). Recurrence relation for successive probabilities, Additive property of Poisson distribution. Poisson distribution as limiting case of Binomial distribution, examples. 1.7 Geometric , NB dist ,multinomial distribution	15

2	Bivariate Probability Distribution (Defined on finite sample space) & Mathematical Expectation (Bivariate random variable): 2.1 : Definition of bivariate discrete random variable (X, Y) on finite sample space. 2.2 : Joint p.m.f., and c.d.f., Properties of c.d.f. (without proof). 2.3 : Computation of probabilities of events in bivariate probability distribution. 2.4 : Concepts of marginal and conditional probability distributions, independence of two discrete r.v.s. 2.5 : Examples and problems. 2.6 : Definition of expectation of functions of r.v. in bivariate distribution. 2.7 : Theorems on expectations: (i) $E(X+Y) = E(X) + E(Y)$ (ii) $E(XY) = E(X) \cdot E(Y)$ when X and Y are independent 2.8 : Expectation and variance of linear combination of two discrete r.v.s. 2.9 : Definition of conditional mean, conditional variance, covariance and correlation coefficient, $\text{Cov}(aX+bY, cX+dY)$. 2.10 : Distinction between uncorrelated and independent variables. 2.11 : Joint p.g.f, proof of the p.g.f. of sum of two independent r.v.as the product of their p.g.f. 2.12 : Examples and problems.	15
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Books Recommended:

1. Bhat B. R., Srivenkatramana T and Madhava Rao K. S. (1997): Statistics: a Beginner's Text, Vol. II, New Age International (P) Ltd.
2. Edward P. J., Ford J. S. and Lin (1974): Probability for Statistical Decision-Making, Prentice Hall.
3. Goon A. M., Gupta M. K., Das Gupta B. (1999): Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol.II, World Press, Calcutta.
4. Mood A. m., Graybill F. A. and Boes D. C. (1974): Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw Hill.
5. Hogg R. V. and Crag R. G.: Introduction to Mathematical Statistics Ed.4.
6. Hoel P. G. (1971): Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, Asia Publishing House.
7. Meyer P. L. (1970): Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications, Addison Wesley.
8. Rohatgi V. K. and Saleh A. K. Md. E. (2002): An Introduction to probability and statistics. John wiley & Sons (Asia)

Note: 1. In theory examination, the weightage to the numerical problems should **not exceed 40%**.
2. Students can use scientific calculators in theory examination.

DSC-STA-PR-II: 3DSC03STA29
DSC Statistics Practical II (Credits 02)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this practical paper students will be able to:

- CO1. Compute correlation coefficient, regression coefficients.
- CO2. Analyze data pertaining to attributes and interpret the results.
- CO3. Apply various discrete distributions.
- CO4. Compute mortality and fertility rates.

Sr. No.	Title of the Experiment
1.	Correlation
2.	Regression
3.	Attribute I (Missing frequencies, Consistency)
4.	Attribute II (Association and Independence)
5.	Demography I (Mortality Rate)
6.	Demography II (Fertility Rate)
7.	Applications of Discrete Uniform & Binomial distribution
8.	Applications of Hypergeometric & Poisson distribution
9.	Bivariate Discrete distribution I
10	Bivariate Discrete distribution II

Note:

1. Student Must complete all experiments using MS Excel
2. Computer printouts should be attached to the journal if necessary.
3. Student must produce the laboratory journal along with the completion certificate signed by Head of Department, at the time of practical examination.

OEC MTS-PR-I: 3OEC03MTS12 Basic Statistics I**PRACTICAL: 60 hrs.****Marks-25 (Credits: 02)****Course Outcomes** - At the end of this course students will be able to:

CO1: Understand and organize data using classification, tabulation, and frequency distributions.

CO2: Represent data using diagrammatic and graphical methods .

CO3: Apply sampling techniques such as SRS and stratified sampling and compute measures of central tendency.

CO4: Use MS Excel for diagrammatic, graphical representation and calculation of central tendency measures.

List of Practicals:

Sr. No.	Title of Experiment
1	Classification, tabulation and frequency distribution वर्गीकरण, सारणीकरण व वारंवारता वितरण
2	Diagrammatic representation I (bar diagram, multiple, subdivided Bar) आकृतीद्वारे सादरीकरण I (स्तंभ आलेख, बहुस्तंभ, उपविभाजित स्तंभ आलेख)
3	Diagrammatic representation II (pie diagram, scatter diagram, box plot) आकृतीद्वारे सादरीकरण II (वर्तुळ आलेख, बिंदू आलेख, बॉक्स प्लॉट)
4	Graphical representation I (Histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve) आलेखीय सादरीकरण I (हिस्टोग्राम, वारंवारता बहुभुज, वारंवारता वक्र)
5	Graphical representation I (less than and greater than ogive curves) आलेखीय सादरीकरण II (लेस दॅन व ग्रेटर दॅन ओजाईव्ह वक्र)
6	Sampling (SRS and Stratified sampling) नमुना निवड (साधा यादृच्छ नमुना व स्तरित नमुना)
7	Measures of central tendency: I केंद्र प्रवृत्तीचे मापन: I
8	Measures of central tendency: II केंद्र प्रवृत्तीचे मापन: II
9	Diagrammatic & Graphical representation using MS- Excel MS-Excel वापरून आकृती व आलेखीय सादरीकरण
10	Measures of central tendency using MS- Excel MS-Excel वापरून केंद्र प्रवृत्तीचे मापन

Reference Books:

1. Gupta V.K. & Kapoor S.C. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics- Sultan & Chand
2. Gupta S. P. (2002): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
3. W. G. Cochran- Sampling Techniques Wiley Publication third edition.

B. Sc. Part – I Semester -II STATISTICS
OEC MTS-PR-II: 3OEC03MTS22: Basic Statistics II
Marks-50 (Credits: 02) (60 hrs.)

Course Outcomes - At the end of this course students will be able to:

- CO1. Learn basic concepts in statistics.
- CO2. Compute descriptive statistics.
- CO3. Understand the concept of bivariate data.
- CO4. Analyze data by using correlation and regression.

List of Practicals:

Sr. No.	Title of Experiment
1	Measure of Dispersion -I (ungrouped data) प्रसरणाचे मापन - I (अवर्गीकृत माहिती)
2	Measure of Dispersion -II (grouped data) प्रसरणाचे मापन - II (वर्गीकृत माहिती)
3	Measure of Dispersion -III (C.V) प्रसरणाचे मापन - III (परिवर्तन गुणांक - C.V.)
4	Correlation I (Scatter diagram, Karl Pearson) सहसंबंध I (विखुरलेला आलेख, कार्ल पिअर्सन पद्धत)
5	Correlation II (Rank correlation) सहसंबंध II (क्रम सहसंबंध)
6	Regression I (प्रतिगमन I)
7	Regression II (प्रतिगमन II)
8	Summary statistics using MS- Excel (MS-Excel वापरून संक्षिप्त सांख्यिकी)
9	Correlation and Regression using MS- Excel (MS-Excel वापरून सहसंबंध व प्रतिगमन)

Reference Books:

1. Gupta V.K. & Kapoor S.C. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics- Sultan & Chand
2. Gupta S. P. (2002): Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.

Assessment Structure
Structure of Question Paper
Nature of Theory Question Paper

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

Time: 1 hours 30 minutes

Total :Marks: 30

Que. No.	Question Pattern	Marks
Q.1.	Choose correct alternative.	(4x1=4)
Q.2	Attempt any two. i) ii) iii)	(7x2=14)
Q.3.	Attempt any Three. a) b) c) d) e)	(4x3=12)

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) (of Theory):

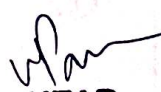
Level	Semester	Activities per Semester	Marks allotted
			2 credits
4.5	I & II	1) Home Assignment/Tutorial	10
		2) Midterm test	10
		Total Marks	20
5.0	III & IV	1) Seminar/Quiz/Open Book Exam	10
		2) Midterm test	10
		Total Marks	20
5.5	V & VI	1) Case study/Problem solving/Book review/Group Discussion/Poster Presentation	10
		2) Midterm test	10
		Total Marks	20

**Evaluation Pattern for practical Course:
Nature of Practical Paper**

For 50 marks:

- 1) Each practical question paper must contain three questions each carry 20 marks.
- 2) Each question should contain two bits from different units.
- 3) Student should attempt any two questions.
- 4) Complete and certified journal carries 5 marks and the oral examination carries 5 marks.




HEAD
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS
VIVEKANAND COLLEGE, KOLHAPUR
(EMPOWERED AUTONOMOUS)